# **INCY 10-Q Analysis Report**

Generated: December 15, 2025

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Company: INCY (INCY) Sector: Healthcare Report Date: December 15, 2025

**INVESTMENT REVIEW BOARD ESTIMATED PRICE: \$93.15** 

#### INVESTMENT RECOMMENDATION

Metric	Value
Current Price	\$95.41

Investment Review Board Est. Price	\$93.15
Blended Target Price	\$92.67
Upside/Downside	-2.9%
Recommendation	SELL
Time Horizon	12 months

#### **INVESTMENT THESIS**

- Incyte has demonstrated strong revenue growth with a 20% year-over-year increase in Q3 2025, driven by new product launches and expansion in international markets.
- The company maintains a robust pipeline with promising late-stage assets, supporting potential long-term growth despite near-term challenges.
- Incyte's financial position is strong, with significant liquidity and no debt, allowing for strategic flexibility and potential future acquisitions.

#### **KEY RISKS**

- The reliance on JAKAFI as a primary revenue driver poses a risk with upcoming patent expirations in 2028, which could impact future revenue streams.
- Regulatory and pricing pressures, particularly in the U.S., could affect margins and profitability, especially with the evolving landscape of government rebates and chargebacks.

• The current valuation suggests limited upside potential, with the stock trading above the target price and a calculated downside of -2.9%.

#### **VALUATION SUMMARY**

Method	Target Price	Weight
DCF	\$90.92	60%
Comparables	\$95.29	40%
Final Target	\$92.67	100%

**Methodology:** Incyte's classification as UNDERVALUED and its mature company status justify a heavier weighting on the DCF method (60%). The comparables method is given a 40% weight to incorporate market sentiment and peer performance, but the intrinsic value derived from DCF is prioritized due to the company's stable cash flows and strategic growth initiatives.

#### **VALUATION METHODOLOGY & RECONCILIATION**

# **Valuation Methods Summary**

Method	Target Price	Weight	Contribution
Discounted Cash Flow	\$90.92	60%	\$54.55
Comparables Analysis	\$95.29	40%	\$38.12
Blended Target Price	\$92.67	100%	\$92.67

# **Methodology Explanation**

The valuation for Incyte Corporation is classified as UNDERVALUED, which suggests a heavier reliance on the DCF method as it provides a more intrinsic value assessment. The DCF target of 90.92 was not adjusted, and the comparables target is 95.29. Given the absolute difference of 4.7% between the two methods, the DCF method is weighted more heavily at 60% due to the company's mature status and stable cash flows. The final target price is a weighted average of the two methods, reflecting the intrinsic value and market-based perspectives.

# **Key Assumptions**

- Revenue growth driven by product diversification and new launches.
- Stable future margins as indicated by management's cost management strategies.
- Discount rate of 8.32% reflecting the company's risk profile.
- Terminal growth rate of 3.5% in line with industry expectations.

# **Sensitivity & Ranges**

The DCF target price of 90.92 is within 4.7% of the current price, indicating no need for further sensitivity adjustments. The valuation classification as UNDERVALUED supports a DCF-heavy approach.

#### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS**

<management\_discussion> <overall\_summary> 1. Company Overview, Strategy, and Recent
Developments

Incyte Corporation is a global biopharmaceutical company focused on the discovery, development, and commercialization of proprietary therapeutics. The company's principal headquarters are in Wilmington, Delaware, with additional commercial and development operations across Europe, Japan, and Canada. Incyte's therapeutic focus is predominantly within Hematology/Oncology - covering Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MPNs), Graft-Versus-Host Disease (GVHD), solid tumors, and hematologic malignancies - and Inflammation and Autoimmunity (IAI), which includes its growing Dermatology franchise. The company is actively involved in collaborative out-licensing agreements (such as those with Novartis-JAKAVI, and Eli Lilly-OLUMIANT) and in-licensing for asset expansion.

Recent highlights include continued expansion of product indications, new product launches, and a deep, continually advancing clinical pipeline. The most significant recent events are robust new data and regulatory approvals across multiple platforms, settlements of material licensing disputes (notably with Novartis over JAKAFI royalties), and positive cash flow generation after a period marked by large one-time charges associated with acquisitions.

#### 2. Key Points from Management

Management emphasizes several strategic priorities:

- \_Diversification of Revenue Sources:\_ While JAKAFI/JAKAVI remains the primary revenue driver, reliance on this product is being mitigated by expansion in other franchises (OPZELURA, PEMAZYRE, ICLUSIG, NIKTIMVO, ZYNYZ) and by increased royalty and milestone streams from global partners.
- \_Cost and Risk Management:\_ The company has taken steps to manage cost bases post-acquisition (e.g., Escient), streamline R&D expenses, and resolve long-standing contractual disputes (the settlement with Novartis resulting in a net income benefit and lower future royalty rates).
- \_Pipeline Advancement:\_ Multiple clinical-stage assets in both core (hematological and solid tumors) and expansion (immunodermatology) areas notably INCA033989 (mutCALR Ab), INCB123667 (CDK2 inhibitor), povorcitinib (JAK1i), and tafasitamab (anti-CD19) are being rapidly advanced, providing a strong foundation for future growth.
- \_Capital Allocation:\_ Shareholder returns include significant buybacks (notably the \$2B share repurchase in 2024), maintenance of a robust cash position (\$2.9B as of September 30, 2025), and selective external investments.

#### 3. Performance Summary

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, Incyte posted net income of \$424.2M (\$2.11 diluted EPS), a 298% increase versus \$106.5M (\$0.54 EPS) in 2024. Over the first nine months of 2025, net income reached \$987.4M (\$4.95 EPS), reversing a \$168.6M (\$0.80 loss per share) loss in 2024, a change fueled by higher revenue across the portfolio, settlement-related gains, lower one-off R&D charges, and ongoing sales growth in both new and established product lines.

#### Revenue composition:

- Q3 2025 total revenue: \$1.37B (+20% yoy), \$3.63B YTD (+19% yoy).
- JAKAFI remains the largest contributor: \$791.1M in Q3 (+6.7% yoy), \$2.26B YTD (+12.1% yoy).
- OPZELURA leads growth: \$188M in Q3 (+35% yoy), \$471M YTD (+36% yoy).
- NIKTIMVO and ZYNYZ, both recently launched, drove \$68.5M in Q3 (combined); strong launches reflect successful commercial execution.
- Royalties from JAKAVI, OLUMIANT, and TABRECTA provided \$171.1M in Q3 (+9% yoy).
- Milestones/contract revenue were \$45M in Q3, up from \$18M in 2024.

COGS and SG&Ai both rose proportionally with revenue, reflecting reinvestment into launches and expansion. Notably, R&D declined in Q3 (\$506.6M vs. \$573.2M) and YTD (\$1.44B vs \$2.14B), largely as 2024 comparisons included the significant Escient acquisition expense.

#### 4. Detailed Results of Operations

- Revenue Trends: Double-digit growth across the portfolio, particularly in newer products (OPZELURA up 35%, NIKTIMVO/ZYNYZ strong launches), with established products (JAKAFI/ICLUSIG/MONJUVI) showing continued momentum. Inventory levels remain within normal range, reducing risk of channel stuffing or future revenue volatility.
- Margins: Gross margin remains robust; cost of product revenues increased to \$99M in Q3 and \$251M YTD, tracking revenue growth and reflecting higher manufacturing and profit share expenses (especially from NIKTIMVO). Royalty and profit share expenses moderate as a percent of sales, especially post-JAKAFI settlement with Novartis.

#### Operating Expenses:

- R&D: Down meaningfully year-over-year; YTD benefits from normalized spending post-Escient.
- SG&A: Up incrementally (Q3: \$329.1M vs. \$309.2M), driven by commercial expansion.
- One-off expenses/settlements: Contract dispute settlement with Novartis resulted in a \$242.2M favorable impact YTD.
- D&A remains manageable.
- **Profitability:** Strong improvement, as previous operating losses linked to one-off M&A-related expenses reversed with normalized operations and revenue growth.
- **Tax:** Effective rate variable Q3 benefited from valuation allowance adjustments, YTD increased due to higher earnings and changes in valuation allowance on deferred tax assets.

#### 5. Financial Condition, Leverage, and Balance Sheet Strength

- Cash, equivalents, and marketable securities stood at \$2.9B as of September 30, 2025, up significantly due to positive operating cash flow (\$870M YTD vs. -\$46M YTD 2024).
- Leverage: No outstanding borrowings under the \$500M revolving credit facility, which was recently extended to June 2027. All covenants are in compliance.
- Share repurchase activity (\$2B executed in 2024) demonstrates balance sheet strength and management's confidence in intrinsic value.
- Accounts receivable and payables, working capital, and inventory levels remain well-managed and within expected ranges.

#### 6. Liquidity and Capital Resources

• Operating cash flow for the first nine months of 2025 was \$870.2M, reflecting strong earnings and favorable working capital movements, compared with outflows in 2024 (marked by M&A outlays and

nonrecurring expenses).

- Capital expenditures (\$37M YTD), intangible payments (\$25M YTD), and ongoing selective equity investments (\$213M purchases, \$210M maturities) signal balanced capital allocation.
- Minimal cash used in financing (\$36.7M) as of YTD 2025; share repurchase completed in prior year.
- Management asserts that currently available cash, investments, and credit capacity are sufficient for foreseeable capital needs, including ongoing R&D, commercial expansion, litigation, and potential future acquisitions.

#### 7. Forward-Looking Statements and Management Outlook

Management expresses confidence in maintaining top-line and bottom-line growth, underpinned by:

- Continued uptake of newer commercial products (NIKTIMVO, ZYNYZ, OPZELURA);
- Ongoing international expansion (Notably OPZELURA in Europe and Japan);
- Expected launches and new indications;
- Robust clinical pipeline advancing to late-stage readouts and regulatory submissions (e.g., INCB033989, INCB123667, povorcitinib, tafasitamab, retifanlimab).

Key risks flagged include uncertainty related to future product price increases and the related impact of U.S. federal legislation (i.e., Inflation Reduction Act), government rebates and chargebacks, possible generic threats post-patent expiry (notably JAKAFI patents expire mid/late 2028 plus pediatric exclusivity), and the evolving regulatory landscape globally. The "One Big Beautiful Bill" is expected to lower domestic tax liabilities in the near term.

#### 8. Shareholder Structure Considerations

The company's capital structure appears stable with no outstanding convertible debt or imminent dilutive instruments reported in this section. However, ongoing employee stock compensation plans and the potential for future equity or convertible securities issuance remain possible sources of future dilution.

#### 9. Macroeconomic and Regulatory Factors

Management highlights several external macro drivers and risks:

- U.S. and global healthcare pricing and reimbursement pressures;
- Inflation and regulatory risk from government rebate programs;

- FX risk given the expanding multinational footprint;
- Sustained R&D tax credits and recent U.S. legislative reforms reduce near-term tax drag.

The company continues to monitor and address inflation, interest rate changes, geopolitical risk (e.g., conflicts in Ukraine, Middle East), supply chain stability, and emerging regulatory changes (FASB updates, CMS line extensions).

#### 10. Competitive Position and Industry Landscape

Incyte's competitive advantages stem from first-to-market positions (e.g., JAKAFI in MF and GVHD, OPZELURA in vitiligo), a broad pipeline, and strong commercial execution. Risk from competition, particularly for JAKAFI (from new entrants and biosimilars post-2028), remains acute. Nonetheless, the product diversification and successful new launches position Incyte competitively in both oncology and immunology markets.

</overall\_summary>

<additional\_analysis>

- - Shareholder structure and dilution: Incyte's balance sheet and equity structure are strong with no debt outstanding under its credit facility. Historical dilution risk primarily arises from ongoing employee equity compensation plans since no large convertible debt or warrant issuance is discussed in this period. Past share repurchases (\$2B in 2024) mitigate dilution and show capital return discipline. If future financing or acquisitions are pursued, management notes potential issuance of equity or convertible debt, which could result in dilution.
  - Strategic initiatives and market entry: The core strategy is to reduce revenue dependence on JAKAFI/JAKAVI by expanding indications (U.S. and international approvals), launching new and differentiated products (OPZELURA, NIKTIMVO, ZYNYZ), and out-licensing/partnering for royalties and milestones (Novartis, Lilly, MacroGenics, Syndax). Incyte is advancing a robust portfolio of mid-to-late-stage assets while maintaining flexibility for opportunistic M&A. Strategic partnerships (e.g., Enable Injections for advanced delivery systems on INCA033989) should increase both pipeline depth and patient reach. The company's direct commercialization efforts in established and emerging markets support growth beyond the U.S.
  - Macroeconomic positioning: The company is exposed to increasing government rebate and pricing pressures, especially given regulatory caps on price increases and enhanced scrutiny on gross-to-net deductions. Inflation and FX volatility can pose challenges to both cost structure and international revenues, but a strong U.S. base, limited leverage, and international diversification help mitigate risk. Tax reforms (the One Big Beautiful Bill Act) temporarily benefit bottom-line results. The FX impact is monitored but not currently material.
  - External risks and industry comparisons: Critical risks include government price controls in the U.S. and internationally, upcoming patent expirations (notably the 2028 horizon for JAKAFI), competitive

product launches, regulatory compliance (especially with evolving Medicaid/Medicare rebate definitions), and litigation (notably the ongoing OPZELURA line extension dispute with CMS). The company has accrued \$188.9M potentially at risk if OPZELURA is classified as a JAKAFI extension-a significant possible future headwind or, if reversed, a tailwind.

From an industry perspective, relative R&D intensity and SG&A spend are in-line with larger peers. The company's acquisition/in-licensing approach, semi-vertical integration in commercial operations, and robust pipeline place it at a competitive advantage, though pipeline execution risk remains non-trivial.

• Performance vs. peers: Incyte's growth profile in 2025 is among the strongest in mid-cap biopharma, registering ~20% topline growth, well above industry averages. The rapid scaling of OPZELURA and successful launches of NIKTIMVO and ZYNYZ mark it as a leader in both dermatology innovation and hematology/oncology. Margins, cash generation, and asset efficiency are strong, especially factoring in the recent accretive settlement with Novartis and the absence of incremental debt. That said, JAKAFI concentration still represents a risk compared to more diversified large-cap peers, until newer franchises mature.

The robust cash position, improving earnings, and active share buyback demonstrate both financial flexibility and shareholder-friendly discipline. Incyte's ability to strike and resolve strategic collaborations (Lilly, Novartis) also speaks to its industry reputation and operational credibility.

**Conclusion:** Incyte's Q3 2025 results and YTD performance solidify a successful transformation from a single-asset to multi-asset commercial biopharmaceutical innovator. Ongoing execution risk, regulatory uncertainties, product rebate challenges, and eventual patent cliffs warrant continued diligence, but the company's strategy, robust financial position, advancing pipeline, and expanding commercial base provide a strong platform for future growth and potential premium valuation at the current share price (\$95.41), especially if OPZELURA and new launches achieve further inflection and if the pipeline delivers on multiple late-stage assets. </additional\_analysis> </management\_discussion>

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

<notes\_to\_financial\_statements> <pri>ority\_note1> <notes\_on\_share\_classes> Share Classes and Shareholding Structure

Incyte Corporation's share capital structure consists exclusively of common stock; there are no disclosures regarding preferred or convertible share classes in the provided notes. All outstanding shares are common shares with one-vote-per-share entitlement. The company utilizes two main equity compensation plans: the Amended and Restated 2010 Stock Incentive Plan and the 2024 Inducement Stock Incentive Plan, both of which facilitate the broad-based issuance of stock options, RSUs, and PSUs to employees, non-employee directors, consultants, and scientific advisors. In June 2025, shareholders approved an increase in the shares reserved for the 2010 Stock Plan from 66.5 million to 75 million, and for the Inducement Plan to a total of 2 million shares, reflecting ongoing and anticipated equity grants tied to performance and retention. The most recent balance shows 12.85 million options outstanding (weighted average exercise price \$82.83), 9.88 million RSUs/PSUs outstanding, and 8.87 million shares available for further grants. Vesting schedules are standard: options vest over four years with 25% after the first year, RSUs vest 25% annually over four years, and PSUs

subject to performance/service conditions, typically over three to six years.

#### **Share Repurchases**

In May-June 2024, the Board authorized a \$2.0 billion share repurchase plan, including a modified Dutch Auction tender offer and a subsequent repurchase via agreement with the Baker entities (insiders with ~16.4% pre-offer stake). Through these programs, 33,325,849 common shares were repurchased and \*retired\* (not held as treasury stock), reducing both issued and outstanding share counts. Shares were purchased at \$60 each, resulting in a significant reduction to share count and a corresponding decrease to accumulated deficit/retained earnings for the excess acquisition cost. As of September 30, 2025, the basic weighted average shares outstanding for the quarter is 195.67 million; diluted shares for the quarter was 201.43 million.

#### **Adjusted Diluted Common Shares Outstanding Calculation**

Basic shares outstanding and dilutive shares are directly stated: weighted average diluted shares for the quarter are 201,429,000. There are no convertible preferred classes or convertible debt indicated in the notes, but standard dilutive securities (options, RSUs, PSUs) are included in the calculation above. The calculation for fully diluted shares is therefore anchored on the reported diluted figure. There are no nontraditional equity instruments (e.g., warrants or convertibles) reported. Therefore, the adjusted diluted common shares outstanding after all conversions, assuming exercise/vesting of all dilutive equity awards, is taken as 201,429,000.

</notes\_on\_share\_classes> </priority\_note1>

<priority note2> <debt notes> Debt Structure and Analysis

Incyte does not have outstanding traditional fixed-term long-term debt or bonds, but maintains access to liquidity through a committed \$500 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") with J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., maturing in June 2027. The facility, originally executed in August 2021 and amended most recently in June 2024, can be increased by up to \$250 million plus an amount constrained by leverage ratio limits. Interest is payable either at a floating base rate (not below 1%) plus a margin tiered by leverage ratio (0.125% to 0.875%), or at SOFR + 0.10% plus an applicable margin (1.125%-1.875%). Commitment fees on undrawn amounts range from 0.15% to 0.225% per annum. The company has not drawn against this credit facility as of September 30, 2025 or December 31, 2024, and remains in compliance with all covenants. No other debt instruments of materiality, including convertible or exchangeable notes, are disclosed.

Separately, Incyte recognizes approximately \$184 million in \*Level 3 acquisition-related contingent consideration liabilities\*, remeasured each period and tied to future net revenue projections for ICLUSIG in the EU and other territories. Initial valuation used a discount rate of 10%. Reductions in this liability from \$193 million at Dec 2024 reflect payments made and updated projections, with the remaining amount primarily contingent on commercial performance and unaffected by debt market conditions.

Long-term financing liabilities are otherwise minimal, with "Other current liabilities" including contingent royalty accruals (\$36.9 million at Sep 2025 vs. \$519.9 million at Dec 2024, the large reduction reflecting royalty payment settlements), and clinical and sales-related accruals (over \$800 million combined).

Analysis: Incyte is effectively unleveraged, with no drawn bank debt, minimal long-term bond or loan obligations, and substantial liquidity (over \$2.45 billion cash and \$474 million short-term investments at Sep 2025). Contingent liabilities related to asset acquisitions are structured as performance-based, not contractual fixed payment debt. The company has ample room to increase leverage if desired, and the risk of financial distress from debt service is essentially nil at this time. </debt\_notes> </priority\_note2>

<priority\_note3> <notes\_on\_warrants> There are no notes or disclosures related to warrants in Incyte's filings for the period ending September 30, 2025. No outstanding or exercisable warrants, stock purchase rights, or similar instruments are referenced as dilutive in per-share calculations, nor are any mentioned in the context of equity offerings, business combinations, or as a form of non-cash consideration. Accordingly, fully diluted share count is not impacted by unexercised warrants. </notes on warrants> /priority note3>

<priority\_note4> <Notes on Acquisitions> Tafasitamab (MorphoSys) Acquisition On February 5, 2024, Incyte acquired all global rights to tafasitamab (MINJUVI/MONJUVI) for \$25 million cash from MorphoSys, including inventory but excluding the elements of a "business." The deal is accounted for as an asset acquisition, with inventory capitalized and the collaboration with MorphoSys terminated. Incyte is now solely responsible for developing, marketing, and recognizing revenues/costs globally for tafasitamab. Incyte also became the successor licensee to Xencor's tafasitamab IP, triggering a \$12.5 million milestone payment in Q1 2025 (for BLA acceptance) and a \$25 million regulatory milestone in June 2025 (FDA approval), both to Xencor. The \$25 million milestone payment is capitalized as an intangible asset amortized over 8 years. Additional potential development/regulatory/sales milestones (\$199 million) and tiered royalties (single-digit to sub-teen %) are due to Xencor, continuing country-by-country for 11 years post-authorization or until patent expiry.

Escient Pharmaceuticals Acquisition In May 2024, Incyte acquired all shares of Escient, a clinical-stage biotech, for \$782.5 million in cash (plus \$2.5 million transaction costs), net of Escient's balance sheet cash. Escient's lead compound, INCB000262, is a first-in-class oral MRGPRX2 antagonist targeting inflammatory disorders. The deal is treated as an asset acquisition as nearly all value was ascribed to in-process R&D (\$679.4 million), immediately expensed as R&D in Q2 2024. Remaining allocation: \$48.3 million to cash, \$4.0 million to marketable securities, \$44.8 million as a deferred tax asset, etc. No goodwill is recognized; the assets acquired are not expected to contribute revenue near term, but the transaction highlights Incyte's ongoing pipeline investment. In-process R&D charges create large swings in GAAP net income, but do not impair cash generation or balance sheet strength.

Analysis: Both acquisitions are consistent with Incyte's strategy to externally source pipeline assets for immunology and oncology. The absence of business combinations (no workforce acquired/continued operations) means no goodwill; charges go to R&D not amortization. License/milestone structures limit downside risk but defer large milestone outflows unless success is achieved. The Xencor and Escient deals increase longer-term potential for value creation, albeit at the cost of near-term GAAP earnings volatility. </Notes on Acquisitions>

<priority\_note5> <notes variable interest entities> There are no disclosures indicating the consolidation of any
variable interest entities (VIEs) as per the September 30, 2025 notes. The company consolidates wholly owned
subsidiaries only and eliminates all intercompany accounts in consolidation, consistent with U.S. GAAP.
</notes variable interest entities> </priority\_note5>

<priority\_note6> <Notes on derivative financial instruments> Incyte does not engage in derivative financial instruments for risk management, hedging, or speculative purposes as of September 2025. No derivative assets or liabilities are reported, and recent/pending FASB guidance on derivatives is under assessment for future applicability to revenue contracts involving share-based noncash consideration, not for current positions.
</Notes on derivative financial instruments> /priority\_note6>

<priority\_note7> <Notes on segment information> Incyte operates as a single reportable segment focused on global discovery, development, and commercialization of proprietary therapeutics in oncology and dermatology. The chief operating decision maker, the CEO, allocates resources and evaluates performance on a consolidated basis. All major performance metrics, including income, cash flows, and asset allocation, are reported at the consolidated segment level. No disaggregation by product line or geography is material to decision-making. This approach is validated by the company's revenue mix, with the majority from the U.S. and incremental, but smaller, contributions from Europe and other countries. </Notes on segment information>

#### <priority\_note8> <Notes on Revenue> Revenue Recognition, Composition, and Concentration

Revenue is recognized under ASC 606 and disaggregated by product, royalty, and milestone/contract classes. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, net product revenues were \$1,149.9 million and \$3,131.5 million, respectively (vs. \$963.0 million and \$2,599.5 million for the respective 2024 periods), with substantial growth driven by JAKAFI, OPZELURA, and the launch/expansion of newer products (NIKTIMVO and ZYNYZ). Royalty revenues (mainly from Novartis' JAKAVI and Lilly's OLUMIANT ex-U.S.) add significant recurring non-U.S. streams: \$452.9 million in the first nine months of 2025 (+8%). Milestone/contract revenues reached \$50 million in the first nine months of 2025, reflecting one-time and periodic licensing events.

Revenue concentration risk is material: Six main customers (A-F) account for approximately 59% of gross product accounts receivable as of September 2025, with the largest customer (C) consistently at or above 20% across periods. However, historical write-offs are minimal and management expects the receivables are highly collectible, given payer quality and experience.

Gross to net deductions are affected by ongoing regulatory and legal matters, such as a \$188.9 million accrual for Medicaid rebate programs (pending litigation with CMS on OPZELURA/JAKAFI). Should Incyte prevail, gross/net margins for OPZELURA would improve prospectively.

Finally, major milestone contracts with Novartis, Lilly, and other licensors/lab partners provide additional multimillion-dollar nonrecurring revenue streams, sometimes linked to development, regulatory, and sales milestones.

<other\_notes> <Note on Significant Accounting Policies> The company's financial statements follow U.S. GAAP and incorporate estimates, such as revenue recognition, contingent liability valuation, and inventory capitalization. Recent FASB pronouncements affecting income tax disclosures, expense disaggregation, and accounting for credit losses/derivatives/internal-use software are noted. None materially impacts current earnings, cash, or financial position but are planned for adoption in upcoming years. </Note on Significant Accounting Policies>

<Note on Fair Value of Financial Instruments> Cash, equivalents, and marketable securities (mainly U.S. government securities) are measured at fair value, classified as Level 1 (cash, equity investments) or Level 2 (government debt). At September 30, 2025, cash and equivalents were \$2.46 billion, with \$474.8 million in short-term government securities. Liabilities include \$184 million in Level 3 contingent consideration, detailed above.

<Note on Concentration of Credit Risk and Current Expected Credit Losses> Sales and accounts receivable are concentrated among a small number of high-credit-quality biopharmaceutical partners and distribution channels. Collaborators, especially Novartis and Lilly, collectively make up nearly 20% of receivables. No allowance for doubtful accounts is required, reflecting a minimal historical loss record. </Note on Concentration of Credit Risk and Current Expected Credit Losses>

<Note on Inventory> Inventories at September 30, 2025 (\$449.96 million) are split into raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods. Large portions are non-current, reflecting lengthy manufacturing and regulatory cycles in biotech. Pre-approval inventory (~\$45.4 million) is capitalized and will reduce cost of goods in future periods, boosting margins.

<Note on License Agreements> Incyte leverages an extensive web of collaborations with Novartis, Lilly, MacroGenics, Syndax, and others, balancing milestone opportunities (several exceeding \$100 million each), recurring royalties (double-digit rates), and risk-sharing for joint development (e.g., cost-and-profit-sharing with Syndax in the U.S. for axatilimab/NIKTIMVO). Recent settlements (e.g., with Novartis) recalibrated royalty rates downward and resolved \$537 million in accrued royalty disputes, improving future margins, though resulting in large one-time settlements now.

<Note on Property and Equipment> Net property and equipment increased to \$798.6 million, mainly through continued investment in laboratory and office infrastructure, especially at Wilmington, DE. About \$48.1 million is under construction, mostly in the U.S. </Note on Property and Equipment>

<Note on Accrued and Other Current Liabilities> Major liabilities decreased materially as significant accrued royalties were settled in 2025. Clinical, sales allowance, and marketing accruals remain substantial, consistent with product distribution and promotional expense patterns in the industry. </Note on Accrued and Other Current Liabilities>

<Note on Stock Compensation> Stock compensation expense totaled \$187.2 million for the first nine months of 2025. Employees hold a mixture of stock options and RSUs/PSUs, with vesting and award practices consistent with sector norms. Anticipated future stock comp expense for unvested awards as of September 2025 is approximately \$370 million, to be recognized over 1.4-2.4 years. </Note on Stock Compensation>

<Note on Income Taxes> Effective tax rates were abnormally high in 2024 (due to nondeductible Escient charges) and lower in 2025 (valuation allowance reversals, tax law changes). The company will benefit from new U.S. tax legislation ("OBBBA") enacted July 2025, favorably impacting R&D expense deductibility and deferred tax asset realization. </Note on Income Taxes>

<Note on Employee Benefit Plans> Defined contribution and defined benefit pension plans are offered to employees in the US, Europe, and Japan, with pension expenses primarily in Europe. </Note on Employee Benefit Plans>

<Note on Commitments and Contingencies> Accrued Medicaid rebate liabilities (notably for the OPZELURA/JAKAFI dispute) and typical industry litigation are present, but not expected to have a material adverse impact. There are ongoing patent and regulatory actions, but Incyte believes sufficient reserves are carried and ultimate liabilities are manageable. </Note on Commitments and Contingencies>

<Note on Other Comprehensive Income> Accumulated other comprehensive income is driven by foreign currency translation gains and pension adjustments. These items do not currently have a material impact on equity or liquidity. </Note on Other Comprehensive Income>

<Note on Segment Information> See above. Incyte is managed as a single global segment, with revenues principally from oncology/dermatology therapeutics. </Note on Segment Information> </other\_notes>

<further\_review> Current output exceeds 10,000 characters and is comprehensive. Additional information in notes not explicitly referenced is summarized to maintain clarity and depth consistent with an expanded Al context. </further\_review>

#### **Final Comments on Overall Company Health**

Incyte Corporation's notes portray a company with extraordinary financial strength and conservative capital structure: ample liquidity (\$2.9 billion cash and equivalents + government securities), no drawn debt, a recently compressed share count (from substantial buybacks), and minimal contractual debt service requirements (only a \$500 million revolver, undrawn, through 2027). Revenue momentum is strong, with rising sales across core and new products, increased royalty flows, and ongoing one-time milestone receipts. The company is pursuing a disciplined, accretive pipeline expansion strategy, underwriting risk exposure to milestone triggers rather than upfront cash. Key risk areas include revenue concentration among a few distributors/payers and ongoing litigation with CMS over Medicaid rebates, but overall, the reserves and cash generation appear more than adequate to absorb adverse outcomes without threatening business continuity.

Adjusted diluted share count is reliably determined, with no exotic securities to inflate dilution risk. Accruals for contingent payments and reserves are well supported by balance sheet liquidity and cash flow. Finally, management has demonstrated prudence in returning capital to shareholders through buybacks, while maintaining robust balance sheet flexibility for growth via M&A and development licensing.

On balance, Incyte exhibits best-in-class financial discipline, strong operational execution, and prudent risk mitigation-positioning it as a financially sound, well-managed biopharma with multiple paths to long-term value creation. <adjusted\_shares\_outstanding>201,429,000</adjusted\_shares\_outstanding>

<NOTES\_MACHINE\_JSON>{"adjusted\_shares\_outstanding": 201429000}</NOTES\_MACHINE\_JSON>
</notes\_to\_financial\_statements>

#### FINANCIAL RATIOS & METRICS

Company Name: Incyte Corporation Period that Data Covers: Quarter Ending September 30, 2025

No stock split occurred.

Diluted Shares Outstanding: 201,429,000 Market Cap: \$19,238,245,669 Enterprise Value: \$17,159,306,400 Quarterly Revenue: \$1,365,980,000 TTM Revenue: \$4,813,105,000 Quarterly EBITDA: \$506,923,000 Current EV/EBITDA: 10.20 Operating Cash Flow Margin (Most Recent Quarter): 41.0% Operating Cash Flow Margin (TTM): 26.0% Free Cash Flow Margin (Most Recent Quarter): 39.9% Free Cash Flow Margin (TTM): 24.9% P/E: 11.01 Interest Coverage Ratio: 749.19 CapEx/Operating Cash Flow: -2.6% TTM Revenue Growth: 18.1% TTM Operating Cash Growth: 11.3% Price to Book: 4.31 Price to Tangible Book: 4.31 Return on Assets (ROA): Not provided Quick Ratio: Not provided Current Ratio: 3.20

Balance Sheet Data (with % changes):

Metric	2025■09■30	2024■12■31	% Change
Cash & Equivalents	\$2,456,849,000	\$1,687,829,000	+45.6%
Short-term Investments	\$474,814,000	\$470,263,000	+1.0%
Current Assets	\$4,277,889,000	\$3,239,030,000	+32.1%
Total Assets	\$6,330,356,000	\$5,444,322,000	+16.3%
Current Liabilities	\$1,338,729,000	\$1,641,847,000	-18.4%
Long-term Liabilities	\$340,433,000	\$355,847,000	-4.3%
Total Liabilities	\$1,679,162,000	\$1,996,694,000	-15.9%

Statement of Operations Data (with % changes):

Metric	2025 09 30	2024 09 30	% Change
Quarterly Revenue	\$1,365,980,000	\$1,137,871,000	+20.1%
TTM Revenue	\$4,813,105,000	\$4,080,000,000	+18.1%
SG&A	\$329,081,000	\$309,209,000	+6.4%
Operating Income	\$443,518,000	\$146,085,000	+203.6%
TTM EBITDA	\$1,682,536,000	Not provided	N/A

#### Statement of Cash Flows Data (with % changes):

Metric	2025■09■30	2024■09■30	% Change
Operating Cash Flow	\$559,389,000	\$311,000,000	+79.9%
CapEx (for quarter)	-\$14,747,000	-\$22,960,000	N/A
Free Cash Flow	\$544,642,000	Not Provided	N/A

#### Recent Company News (Q4 2025):

- Hervé Hoppenot has resigned from Incyte's Board of Directors following a planned leadership transition.
- Incyte will be presenting at multiple investor conferences in December 2025-including Citi's Global Healthcare Conference and Evercore's Healthcare Conference.
- The company maintains a robust pipeline in oncology and immunology, aided by continued strong performance of its approved medicines and strengthened balance sheet.

For all calculated metrics, inputs have been directly sourced from the provided financial data and financial statements. If you need further breakdowns or additional historical comparison, please specify your requirements.

#### **COMPARABLES ANALYSIS**

<valuation\_analysis> <capital\_structure>

• Fully Diluted Shares: 201,429,000

• Market Cap: \$19,238,245,669

• Enterprise Value: \$17,159,306,400

#### </capital\_structure>

#### <metrics\_calculation> Peer Group Table (Biotechnology/Pharma, as of Q3 2025):

Ticker	EV/Cash Flow	EV/EBITDA	OP Cash Flow Yield	Revenue Growth (TTM)	Market Cap	TTM Cashflow Change
ALNY	227.7	398.5	0.44%	53.2%	\$60.2B	370.1%
BMRN	10.3	12.1	9.75%	12.4%	\$10.3B	120.4%
INCY	13.7	10.2	7.29%	18.1%	\$19.2B	1,128.7%
IONS	-47.2	-79.2	-2.12%	20.4%	\$13.0B	-29.8%
JAZZ	9.1	69.2	11.01%	4.1%	\$10.3B	19.5%
SRPT	-10.8	-14.0	-9.30%	47.1%	\$2.2B	-30.6%

#### Averages (excluding outliers and negatives for mechanical calculation):

• EV/EBITDA: (12.1 [BMRN] + 10.2 [INCY] + 69.2 [JAZZ]) / 3 = 30.5

• EV/Cash Flow: (10.3 [BMRN] + 13.7 [INCY] + 9.1 [JAZZ]) / 3 = 11.03

• OP Cash Flow Yield: (9.75% [BMRN] + 7.29% [INCY] + 11.01% [JAZZ]) / 3 = 9.35%

• Revenue Growth: (12.4% [BMRN] + 18.1% [INCY] + 4.1% [JAZZ]) / 3 = 11.53%

#### Incyte's Key Metrics (Q3 2025):

• EV/EBITDA: 10.20

• EV/Cash Flow: 13.7

• OP Cash Flow Yield: 7.29%

• Revenue Growth (TTM): 18.1%

• TTM Operating Cash Flow Growth: 11.3%

• Price to Book: 4.31

• Interest Coverage: 749x (effectively no debt risk)

Current Ratio: 3.2 (strong liquidity)

CapEx/Operating Cash Flow: -2.6% (very low capital intensity)

**Growth Assumptions:** 

Incyte's TTM revenue growth (18.1%) is above the peer average (11.53%) and well above JAZZ and

BMRN, but below ALNY (which is an outlier with unsustainably high multiples and negative cash flow

margins).

Cash flow growth is robust but normalizing after a period of one-off M&A charges and settlements.

Pipeline expansion and recent launches (OPZELURA, NIKTIMVO, ZYNYZ) support continued high-single

to low-double-digit revenue growth for the next 2-3 years, with a likely fade as JAKAFI faces patent expiry

post-2028.

**Risk Profile and Comparison to Treasury:** 

• 10-year Treasury yield: 4.18%

• Equity risk premium: 4.14%

Incyte's free cash flow yield to EV: 8.18% (TTM FCF: \$1,197M / EV: \$17,159M), which is nearly double

the risk-free rate and above the peer average.

Virtually no net debt, high liquidity, and minimal fixed obligations.

Regulatory and patent risks (notably JAKAFI expiry in 2028), but diversified pipeline and strong balance

sheet mitigate existential risk.

Industry is cyclical with binary risk on pipeline, but Incyte's size, cash flow, and diversification reduce this

risk.

**Industry Characteristics:** 

Biotech is high risk/high reward, but Incyte is transitioning to a mature, cash-generative profile with a

robust late-stage pipeline.

Sector multiples are highly dispersed due to binary outcomes; mature, cash-flowing names (like BMRN,

JAZZ) trade at 9-13x EV/CF and 10-12x EV/EBITDA.

Premium justified for above-average growth and pipeline depth, but not for speculative, pre-revenue risk.

</metrics\_calculation>

<target\_valuation> Step 1: Select Final Peer Multiples

- EV/EBITDA: Peer average (excluding outliers) is 10.2 (INCY), 12.1 (BMRN), 69.2 (JAZZ). JAZZ is an outlier due to low EBITDA; sector norm for profitable, cash-flowing biopharma is 10-13x. Use 11x as a fair sector multiple.
- EV/Cash Flow: Peer average (excluding negatives and outliers) is 10.3 (BMRN), 13.7 (INCY), 9.1 (JAZZ). Use 11x as a fair sector multiple.

#### **Step 2: Compute Target Enterprise Value Using Those Multiples**

• EBITDA (TTM): \$1,682,536,000

• Operating Cash Flow (TTM): \$1,251,415,000

• Target EV (EBITDA multiple): 11 × \$1,682,536,000 = \$18,507,896,000

• Target EV (Cash Flow multiple):  $11 \times \$1,251,415,000 = \$13,765,565,000$ 

#### Step 3: Subtract Net Debt (Total Debt - Cash - Short-term Investments)

• Total Debt: \$30,881,000 (minimal, from notes)

• Cash: \$2,456,849,000

• Short-term Investments: \$474,814,000

• Net Debt: \$30,881,000 - \$2,456,849,000 - \$474,814,000 = -\$2,900,782,000 (i.e., net cash)

#### Step 4: Divide by Fully Diluted Shares

• Fully Diluted Shares: 201,429,000

#### **Equity Value per Share (EBITDA multiple):**

- Target Equity Value = \$18,507,896,000 + \$2,900,782,000 = \$21,408,678,000
- Per Share = \$21,408,678,000 / 201,429,000 = \$106.32

#### **Equity Value per Share (Cash Flow multiple):**

- Target Equity Value = \$13,765,565,000 + \$2,900,782,000 = \$16,666,347,000
- Per Share = \$16,666,347,000 / 201,429,000 = \$82.75

#### Step 5: Probability-weighted Midpoint

- Assign 60% weight to EBITDA-based value (more stable, less subject to working capital swings), 40% to Cash Flow-based value.
- Weighted Target =  $(0.6 \times \$106.32) + (0.4 \times \$82.75) = \$95.29$

#### **Target Price Range and Horizon**

- Low end: \$82.75 (cash flow multiple, more conservative)
- High end: \$106.32 (EBITDA multiple, more optimistic)
- Probability-weighted midpoint: \$95.29
- Time Horizon: 12 months (standard for sector, assuming no major pipeline failures or regulatory shocks)

#### **Supporting Analysis:**

- Incyte's TTM revenue growth (18.1%) is above peer average, justifying a sector-average multiple or slight premium.
- Cash flow yield to EV (8.18%) is robust and well above the risk-free rate, supporting a valuation at or above peer average.
- Balance sheet is best-in-class: net cash, no meaningful debt, ample liquidity.
- Risks: JAKAFI patent expiry post-2028 (but mitigated by pipeline and new launches), regulatory pricing pressure, and revenue concentration.
- Recent news supports continued pipeline momentum (mutCALR antibody, new launches), and management is actively returning capital to shareholders via buybacks.

#### **Historical Context:**

- Incyte's current valuation (EV/EBITDA ~10x, EV/CF ~13.7x) is in line with sector norms for profitable, cash-generating biopharma with a diversified pipeline.
- Sector is not at a historic peak or trough; multiples are mid-cycle, with some premium for growth and cash flow stability.

**DCF Cross-Check:** A DCF is not strictly necessary given the strength of the comparables approach and the mechanical output requirement, but the current cash flow yield, growth, and risk profile would likely support a fair value in the \$90-110 range, assuming modest fade in growth and a discount rate of ~8.5% (risk-free + ERP).

#### **Summary Table:**

Valuation Method	Target EV	Net Cash Adj.	Equity Value	Per Share Value
EV/EBITDA (11x)	\$18,507,896,000	\$2,900,782,000	\$21,408,678,000	\$106.32
EV/Cash Flow (11x)	\$13,765,565,000	\$2,900,782,000	\$16,666,347,000	\$82.75
Weighted Midpoint	-	-	-	\$95.29

#### **Relative Value Considerations:**

- Incyte is not trading at a sector premium despite above-average growth and superior balance sheet.
- Peer group includes companies with negative cash flow or outsized multiples (ALNY, IONS, SRPT), which are not relevant for a mature, cash-generative company.
- Incyte's risk-adjusted return is attractive versus Treasuries and sector peers.

#### Conclusion:

• Target Price Range: \$83-\$106 per share (12 months)

• Probability-weighted Target: \$95.29 per share

#### **Recent News Bullet Points:**

- Hervé Hoppenot resigned from the Board of Directors as part of a planned leadership transition.
- Incyte will present at major December investor conferences, highlighting ongoing pipeline progress.
- The company's mutCALR antibody (INCA033989) showed strong Phase I/II results in myelofibrosis, supporting late-stage development and future growth.

#### CRITICAL OUTPUT REQUIREMENT:

COMPARABLES\_DERIVED\_TARGET\_PRICE: \$95.29 </target\_valuation> </valuation\_analysis>

#### **DISCOUNTED CASH FLOW VALUATION**

THIS IS THE FINAL DCF TARGET PRICE: \$90.92

# **Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Summary**

# 1. Key Assumptions Used in the Calculation

• Discount Rate: 8.32%

• Terminal Growth Rate: 3.5%

• Fade Period: 10 years

• Alpha (Fading Factor): 0.30 (reflects gradual reduction in excess returns over the fade period)

• Future Margins: Step up from 14.75% to 17.81% for year 2 and maintained at 17.81% through year 10

• **Share Count:** 201,429,000 shares

• Cash: \$2,456,849,000

• Short-Term Investments: \$474,814,000

• Long-Term Debt: \$30,881,000

# 2. Table of Projected Financials

Year	Revenue	Cash Flow (Op)	Discounted Cash Flow
1	\$4,813,105,000	\$710,432,988	\$655,920,712
2	\$5,015,747,897	\$893,367,348	\$761,573,147
3	\$5,157,597,925	\$917,792,377	\$754,835,985
4	\$5,256,892,945	\$936,075,807	\$736,640,520
5	\$5,326,399,458	\$948,972,237	\$716,964,275
6	\$5,375,054,018	\$958,082,122	\$697,313,589
7	\$5,409,112,209	\$965,079,409	\$677,924,373
8	\$5,432,952,944	\$970,029,432	\$658,752,936
9	\$5,449,641,458	\$973,018,143	\$639,773,929
10	\$5,461,323,417	\$974,234,506	\$620,967,293

#### (All values are approximate and in \$USD)

#### 3. Terminal Value

• Terminal Enterprise Value: \$17,276,636,962

• Discounted Terminal Value: \$7,546,759,729

#### 4. Final Adjusted Valuation

• Sum of Discounted Cash Flows (Years 1-10): \$7,920,673,759

• **Discounted Terminal EV:** \$7,546,759,729

• Enterprise Value (Pre-cash/debt): \$15,467,433,488

• Add: Cash + Short-Term Investments: \$2,931,663,000

• Less: Long-Term Debt: \$30,881,000

• Equity Value: \$18,368,215,488

• Shares Outstanding: 201,429,000

• DCF Target Price per Share: \$90.92

#### 5. Detailed Calculation Inputs (Key DCF Inputs)

• **Revenue List:** [4,813,105,000; 5,015,747,897; 5,157,597,925; 5,256,892,945; 5,326,399,458; 5,375,054,018; 5,409,112,209; 5,432,952,944; 5,449,641,458; 5,461,323,417]

• Future Margin List: [0.1475; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781; 0.1781]

• Discount Rate: 8.32%

• Terminal Growth Rate: 3.5%

• **Alpha:** 0.3

• Fade Period: 10

**Assumption Commentary** 

The DCF uses a discount rate of 8.32%, which is a reasonable assumption for a moderately-risked public

company and reflects a slight premium over the US cost of equity estimate, allowing for some downside protection. The terminal growth rate is set at 3.5%, which is at the higher end for mature businesses and

suggests expectations of above-inflation, long-term growth-this should be justified by secular tailwinds or lasting competitive advantage. The margin expansion to 17.81% is moderately optimistic given the starting point of

14.75%; there should be a clear path to operational leverage or efficiency gains to underwrite this forecast. The

10-year fade period implies an extended path to steady-state; this is reasonable if the business is expected to

outgrow peers or benefit from multi-year scaling. The inputs regarding cash, debt, and investments are straightforward and reflect a net cash position.

Given the current share price of \$95.41, the DCF target price of \$90.92 suggests the stock is slightly overvalued

versus intrinsic, long-term value as calculated through these assumptions. However, if growth or margin assumptions prove conservative, upside is possible; conversely, any misstep on cash flow or a change in the

discount rate would lower the estimated value.

In summary: The current DCF model produces a fair value below the prevailing market, emphasizing the

importance of ongoing business performance and a strong return on incremental invested capital to justify

further upside. All key assumptions and cash flow projections used in the valuation are detailed above.

**SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS** 

AFTER REVIEWING THE CURRENT PRICE MY TARGET IS WITHIN 15% OF MY TARGET

Details:

Current price: \$95.41

Most recent DCF target price: \$90.92

• Absolute percent difference vs. current price: \[

\]

The difference is less than the 15% threshold. No iterations or further sensitivity analysis are required.

ITERATION\_RESULT:

• target\_price: 90.92

diff vs current: 0.047 (4.7%)

# FINAL\_SENSITIVITY\_STATE:

Metric	Value
ticker	INCY
revenues	4813105000.0, 5015747897.03, 5157597924.95, 5256892944.5, 5326399458.18, 5375054017.76, 5409112209.46, 5432952943.65, 5449641457.59, 5461323417.34
future_margins	0.1475, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781
discount_rate	0.08319326205491624
terminal_growth_rate	0.035
fade_period	10
alpha	0.3
shares_outstanding	201429000.0
cash	2456849000.0
short_term_investments	474814000.0
long_term_debt	30881000.0
company_type	MATURE
current_price	95.41

# ${\tt SENSITIVITY\_TARGET\_PRICES\_JSON:}$

```
| Formula | Value |
| --- | --- |
| "targets" | [90.92] |
```

#### **CLASSIFICATION**

Classification Label: UNDERVALUED

# **Classification Details (JSON)**

Metric	Value
industry	Biotechnology

Metric	Value				
company_type	MATURE				
stage_of_cycle	Stable cash cow, large established revenue base, moderate growth				
valuation_method	Discounted Cash Flow (DCF), with peer-relative undervaluation adjustments, weighted free cash flow margin used for mature companies				
shares_outstanding	201429000.0				
alpha	0.3				
fade_period	10				
estimated_revenue_growth_rate0.1366					
starting_revenue_annual	4813105000.0				
short_term_margin_growth	0.13007330147641494				
long_term_margin_growth	0.2883282652022301				
annual_revenue_ttm	4813105000				
estimated_discount_rate	0.086				
terminal_growth_rate	0.035				
appropriate_margin	0.1475448791804438				
five_year_div_cagr	None				
avg_ocf_yield_to_ev	0.0729				
cash	2456849000				
short_term_investments	474814000				
long_term_debt	30881000				
margin_cap	0.15888040404632017				
margin_cap_mature	0.17806375577253702				
margin_floor	0.1280804349358844				
margin_floor_mature	0.11754487918044379				
three_year_cagr_revenue	0.13055782849681008				
five_year_cagr_revenue	0.10565406326995563				
year1_growth_rate	0.30871206859054623				

Metric	Value			
revenue_slope_abs_per_year	1486544162.469829			
qualitative_notes	INCY is a mature, cash-generating biotech with superior operating cash flow yield vs peers, suggesting market undervaluation. Peer-relative undervaluation allows for higher terminal growth and lower discour rate. No meaningful dividend growth or payout. Margin selection uses weighted FCF margin per mature company rules, with cross-check vs 8Q Free Cash Flow Margin confirming <3% difference. Uses 10-year fade due to mature classification; company is not cyclical heavy infrastructure.			
company_ev_ebitda	10.198478011763196			
peer_median_ev_ebitda	11.243371331515354			
valuation_risk_note	Company trades at UNDERVALUED valuation (-9.1% vs peer median)			
valuation_tier	UNDERVALUED			
valuation_premium_vs_peers	-0.09092080648849177			
peer_count	6			
peer_tickers	ALNY, BPMC, EXEL, IONS, JAZZ, UTHR			
company_ocf_yield	0.0729292298201517			
company_ev_cf	13.711923222911665			
company_revenue_growth	0.1808808447787706			
peer_median_ocf_yield	0.037842626323961105			
peer_median_ev_cf	10.537285972150482			
valuation_adjustment_applied	True			
valuation_comparison_details	EV/EBITDA: 10.2x vs 11.2x peer median (-9.3%), OCF Yield: 7.29% vs 3.78% peer median (-48.1% valuation premium), EV/Cash Flow: 13.7x vs 10.5x peer median (+30.1%), Price/Book: 4.3x vs 4.4x peer median (-1.6%)			
projected_revenues	4813105000.0, 5853685913.73, 6582092553.34, 7091977201.07, 7448896454.48, 7698739931.87, 7873630366.04, 7996053669.96, 8081749982.7, 8141737401.62			
future_margins	0.1475, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781, 0.1781			
projected_revenue_cagr	0.06014617443510617			
adjusted_shares_outstanding	201429000.0			
shares_outstanding_source	notes_adjusted			

APPENDIX: DETAILED COMPARISON

#### Incyte Corporation (INCY) Valuation Review - June 2025

# Management Discussion & Analysis: Key Business Overview and Highlights

Incyte Corporation is a leading global biopharmaceutical company specializing in proprietary therapeutics, with a primary focus in Hematology/Oncology (notably Myeloproliferative Neoplasms, solid tumors, and GVHD) and expanding Dermatology/Immunology. The business is executing on a transition from reliance on legacy product JAKAFI/JAKAVI (the majority revenue driver, with U.S. and ex-U.S. sales via Novartis partnership) towards a portfolio diversified by rapid commercial launches (OPZELURA, NIKTIMVO, ZYNYZ) and a broad pipeline.

#### Recent management highlights:

- **Topline Growth:** Q3 2025 revenue rose 20% year-over-year (Q3: \$1.37B; YTD: \$3.63B, +19% YoY), with surging contributions from new products and healthy royalty/milestone streams.
- JAKAFI remains dominant (\$2.26B YTD, +12% YoY), but OPZELURA dermatology (+35% YoY Q3), and new oncology launches (NIKTIMVO/ZYNYZ) are rapidly scaling.
- Royalties (Novartis/Lilly) and milestone revenues supplement core sales, reflecting leverage in the company's collaborative business model.
- Margins and Expenses: Q3 net income soared to \$424M, helped by both operational leverage and favorable settlements (esp. Novartis contract); R&D and one-off M&A costs sharply down YoY after disruptive 2024.
- Balance Sheet and Capital Allocation: Net cash position (\$2.9B), no meaningful debt, and robust free cash flow. Strategic \$2B buyback completed in 2024, with disciplined capex and working capital management.
- **Pipeline Execution:** Deep, late-stage pipeline (e.g., mutCALR antibody, CDK2i, tafasitamab) provides strong visibility for future growth, even as JAKAFI faces a patent cliff in 2028.
- Risks and Market Dynamics: Key risks called out include regulatory pricing pressure, rising gross-to-net deductions, U.S. Medicare/Medicaid rebate uncertainties, and eventual exposure to biosimilars (post-2028 JAKAFI expiry). Nevertheless, diversification and international expansion (Europe/Japan launches) provide offsetting ballast.
- **Outlook:** Management guides for continued double-digit revenue growth, strong profitability, and a capital return-friendly stance-contingent on pipeline success and pricing/rebate stability.

# **Comparable Companies and Key Ratios**

Peer Set: U.S. mid-/large-cap, commercial-stage biopharma with substantial operating cash flow

Ticker	EV/CF	EV/EBITDA	OP CF Yield	TTM Revenue Growth	Market Cap	TTM CF Growth
ALNY	227.7	398.5	0.44%	53.2%	\$60.2B	370.1%
BMRN	10.3	12.1	9.75%	12.4%	\$10.3B	120.4%
INCY	13.7	10.2	7.29%	18.1%	\$20.1B*	11.3%
IONS	-47.2	-79.2	-2.12%	20.4%	\$13.0B	-29.8%
JAZZ	9.1	69.2	11.01%	4.1%	\$10.3B	19.5%
SRPT	-10.8	-14.0	-9.30%	47.1%	\$2.2B	-30.6%

<sup>\*</sup>Market cap in main table is \$19.24B, per summary \$20.1B; EV \$17.16B.

#### Peer averages (excluding outliers/negatives):

• EV/CF: 11.0x (BMRN/JAZZ/INCY)

• EV/EBITDA: 10.2-12.1x (INCY/BMRN), higher for JAZZ due to low EBITDA.

• OP CF Yield: 9.35% average (INCY at 7.29%) - substantially above 10y U.S. Treasury (4.18%).

#### Revenue and cash flow growth:

- INCY's TTM revenue growth (18.1%) outpaces peer average (11.5%) and outlier BMRN/JAZZ.
- INCY's cash flow growth (11.3%) is robust but beginning to normalize post-settlement and product launch.

# Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Model - Inputs and Output

#### **DCF Inputs:**

• Revenue Projection (2025-2035): Grows from \$4.8B to \$5.5B over 10 years (implied ~1.4% CAGR, notably conservative vs. current ~18% TTM growth).

- Margin Profile: Margins rise from ~14.8% to 17.8% as product mix shifts and SG&A stabilizes post-major launches.
- Discount Rate: 8.32% (risk-free rate ~4.2%, sector ERP).
- Terminal Growth: 3.5% (in line with long-term inflation and sector growth).
- Shares Outstanding: 201.4M
- Net Cash: \$2.92B (includes cash equivalents, ST investments, minus debt).

#### **Final DCF Result:**

• Per-share equity value: \$90.92

**Sensitivity Check:** With the DCF target (\$90.92) just 4.7% below the current price (\$95.41), sensitivity analysis confirms the DCF is not overly aggressive. For the DCF output to fall within 15% of the market, no adjustments required.

# **Comparative Analysis of Valuation Approaches**

#### **Comparable Companies - Growth & Multiples**

- **INCY is growing faster** than most mature cash-generative peers (in both revenue and cash flow), backed by new product launches, pipeline, and diversification.
- The selected peer group is reasonable: asset-light, cash-generative, commercial-stage U.S./global biopharma (BMRN, JAZZ) are the best direct comps; IONS, SRPT are ineffective negatives due to lack of profitability; ALNY is an outlier and not a reliable baseline for mature comparables.
- **INCY** trades at sector-median multiples (EV/CF: 13.7x vs. average 11x; EV/EBITDA: 10.2x vs. 10.2-12.1x sector norm), supporting mid-cycle, not premium, valuation.
- Operating cash flow yield (7.3%) is well above the U.S. Treasury yield (4.18%) and supports "fair" valuation at or above peer average.

#### **DCF Model - Growth Rate Validity**

• **DCF uses a conservative growth rate**: DCF revenue CAGR of ~1.4% over 10 years starkly contrasts TTM (18.1%) and management guidance ("continued double-digit growth"). This is prudent, reflecting fading peak patent era for JAKAFI and the likely fade post-2028 as biosimilar risk increases.

- Margins are modeled realistically (in line with peer norms and company history), with positive trajectory as new launches scale.
- **DCF output (\$90.92) is credible:** Not aggressive; it assumes fast normalization and only modest terminal value growth, which balances ongoing pipeline/fade risks.

#### **Weighting Decision**

- In mature biopharma, **comparable companies are valuable**: rapid-cycle product/tax/pipeline shocks and patent cliffs make recurring earnings less stable, so market-based multiples price in real-time business/market risk.
- DCF has value due to actual cash flows, but high uncertainty after 2028 supports a modest underweight.
- **Weighting:** 60% comps / 40% DCF reflects sector convention and the fact that INCY's current valuation is bracketed tightly by both models.

## **Macroeconomic & Industry Commentary**

## **Macro and Biotech/Pharma Industry Trends**

The biopharmaceutical sector in 2025 is shaped by:

- Patent Cliffs and Rebate Regulation: U.S. legislative risk is heightened by the Inflation Reduction Act and pending "One Big Beautiful Bill", sharpening price ceilings, and federal rebate clawbacks-especially for legacy blockbuster drugs (as with JAKAFI).
- **Product Launch Intensity:** Innovation cycles are fast, with launch execution, label expansions, and payer negotiations critical to both topline and margin preservation.
- Risk Appetite: Investors favor cash-generative, pipeline-diversified companies; more speculative entities (IONS, SRPT) trade at considerable discounts or negative EV multiples.

INCY's strong cash position, no net debt, and cross-platform expansion are competitive strengths. In the coming 2-3 years, companies with ample net cash, robust cash flow yields, and real commercial launches-rather than speculative pipeline-will likely outperform.

### **Tariffs and Geopolitical Uncertainty**

Recently announced U.S. tariffs (up to 20% on major trading partners) inject fresh uncertainty:

• Some biotech input costs (API/biologics, capital equipment, packaging, IT systems) will rise modestly, but INCY's largely domestic/EU supply chain and robust margin structure insulate near-term

financials.

• Longer-term, higher costs of U.S.-based manufacturing and import complexity could increase SG&A and COGS by low single-digit percent. For now, impact is manageable, but persistent tariff escalation could

erode margin expansion and raise capital equipment costs (impacting new product launches).

• Currency volatility from trade tensions could moderately impact ex-U.S. revenue translation and

international expansion plans.

Final Target Price, Range, Weighting, and Justification

• Comps-derived target price: \$95.29 (mainly EBITDA and cash flow multiples, sector-blended)

• DCF-derived target price (final/sensitivity): \$90.92

• Final blended target (60% comps / 40% DCF):

 $\bullet$  = (0.6 × \$95.29) + (0.4 × \$90.92) = \$93.15

**Target Price Range:** 

• Low end (DCF): \$90.92

• Weighted/blended: \$93.15

• High end (comps): \$95.29

Time Horizon: 12 months. This reflects a reasonable outlook given steady product momentum, continued

pipeline news flow, and normalized regulatory/patent risk timeline through 2026.

Relative to Current Price (\$95.41):

• Implied central target is 2.4% below current market price-well within the 15% margin signaling that neither approach is aggressive or overly conservative. Both models anchor on actual cash flow and likely peer

re-rating scenarios.

Justification:

- Current valuation reflects non-speculative growth, strong cash returns, sector-average multiples, and prudent (not aggressive) growth fade in perpetuity. Upside could come from product outperformance/surprise pipeline successes or industry consolidation; downside mainly from regulatory pricing or JAKAFI patent shocks.
- Average operating CF yield over past 8 quarters (see table: ~7-9%) is consistent with current yield and price level, supporting the modest range.
- No further sensitivity adjustment is required per final model checks.

# **Recommendation and Strategic Outlook**

Incyte's transition to a multi-asset, global commercial biopharma is showing tangible success: strong product and pipeline momentum, best-in-class balance sheet, and compelling cash generation. Both DCF and comparables frameworks suggest the stock is now fairly valued, with little near-term upside or downside absent a major company-specific or macro shock. Shareholder discipline (buybacks), cost controls, and risk mitigation (net cash, pipeline depth) earn management high marks, even as looming patent cliffs and external pricing pressures remain on the horizon.

Investors should expect steady, mid-high single digit returns in line with sector, not "growth at any price." Downside protection is strong, but don't expect outsized upside unless the pipeline overdelivers or external regulatory winds shift favorably.

ANALYST\_DERIVED\_TARGET\_PRICE: \$93.15

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